

Role of Fulvic Acid in Sports

FULVIC FORCE'S FULVIC ACID

Metabolism

Simply put, metabolism is the conversion of fuel (carbohydrates, fats or proteins) into a source of energy (ATP) which the body can use for exercise and our metabolic rate can be defined as the speed that this process can occur.

When involved in any kind of activity, our metabolic rate increases. However, the type of metabolism we use depends on the type of exercise being carried out.

For example jogging can be classed as AEROBIC exercise and sprinting can be classed as ANAEROBIC exercise and aerobic and anaerobic exercise use slightly different metabolic pathways and produce different by-products.

Aerobic exercise basically means exercise in the presence of oxygen and anaerobic exercise means exercise in the absence of oxygen but both types of exercise require a source of energy. ATP is the principle energy 'currency' produced during metabolism but much more ATP is produced during aerobic exercise which is one of the reasons why we can jog for longer than we can sprint.

However, no matter what type of exercise we are partaking in, there will always be a point at which we can go no further and we need to stop.

Both of these by-products can affect performance and recovery in different ways and both can be remedied with oxygen.

Lactic Acid

The build up and accumulation of Lactic Acid during anaerobic exercise is thought to contribute to the pain and soreness experienced by sportspeople following strenuous exercise.

During a sprint, there is not much we can do to prevent lactic acid building up but we can take measures to prevent a prolonged accumulation. Such measures include an aerobic 'warm down' to re-introduce oxygen to the muscle cells, or by ensuring a high concentration of oxygen is pre-sent in the cells before and during anaerobic exercise.

Both measures are effective to prevent muscle pains following sport.

Carbon Dioxide

Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) builds up gradually during aerobic exercise and is the principle reason why we 'run out of puff'. There is a constant battle occurring in our cells between CO₂ and oxygen (O₂) and if CO₂ is allowed to accumulate to toxic levels then cell function can become severely impaired

and we are forced to stop our exercise. Such toxic accumulation can only happen when the production of CO₂ via aerobic metabolism outweighs the amount of O₂ we are able to breathe in during the exercise. When this occurs, what is known as an 'oxygen debt' builds up. It is this oxygen debt that we are 'repaying' by the heavy breathing following sport.

If the threshold of when this oxygen debt becomes too much can be improved and the length of time it takes for us to repay the debt after exercise can be decreased, then in theory, we can train for longer and recover quicker.

To achieve this, we would need an extremely efficient CO₂-O₂ exchange mechanism, an increased lung capacity or a way of ensuring O₂ levels in the muscle cells remain as high as possible during and after exercise.

How Fulvic Acid can help?

Fulvic acid is an organic material that is produced by the action of microbes over millions of years. These microbes help to breakdown dead and dying vegetation and the by-product of this breakdown is fulvic acid.

One of the consequences of this natural process is that fulvic acid contains approximately 45% oxygen (See Fig 2) which is highly bio-available to the human body and is readily absorbed by human cells.

<u>Element</u>	<u>% of Fulvic Acid</u>
Carbon	45.8
Hydrogen	5.4
Nitrogen	2.1
Oxygen	44.8
Sulphur	1.9

Fig 2: Distribution of five elements in Humic Acid and Fulvic Acid

It is this characteristic of fulvic acid which makes it so useful for sportspeople because if fulvic acid is taken regularly over a period of 2–3 months then the problems associated with lactic acid and carbon dioxide may be reduced.

Fulvic acid has the ability to deliver O₂ directly to the muscle cells and thus may reduce the detrimental effects of lactic acid and CO₂ build up.

Although thorough research is yet to be done on this specific subject, testimonials have shown that when fulvic acid supplements are taken for sufficient time, muscle soreness after exercise is decreased and the ability to train for longer is noticed.

Fulvic Acid and Vegetal Silica

Another characteristic of fulvic acid is it's ability to dissolve vegetal silica into a form easily use by the body.

Silica is vital for the healthy production of collagen which is important for sportspeople. Collagen is an integral component of connective tissue such as ligaments and tendons and if these structures are

kept strong then sports injuries may not occur. Also, if tears to tendons and ligaments do occur, it is vital that a good source of bio-available silica is taken regularly to aid the healing process. Only by taking vegetal silica in combination with fulvic acid, will the best effects be seen. Fulvic acid should be considered essential to a modern sports and exercise training program.

Electrolyte Therapy

An electrolyte is something that can assist in the transfer of electricity in cells. The importance of electrolytes in sport is well documented with the absence of which being linked to muscle cramps, dehydration and decreased performance levels.

These electrolytes are actually minerals that can be found in almost all foods in varying quantities. Minerals such as sodium and potassium are extremely important for sportspeople but other minerals such as calcium, magnesium and chloride.

Many sports drinks contain a very limited number of electrolytes and use mineral ingredients which are known to be very poorly absorbed.

Fulvic acid is one of nature's most powerful electrolytes as many research articles prove it's ability to maximise the electrical chemistry of the cell. The reason that fulvic acid is so powerful is that it naturally contains around 75 different minerals and also has the ability to provide minerals to a cell if they are needed. Therefore, when sweating occurs during prolonged exercise and blood electrolytes are being lost through the skin, fulvic acid will immediately replace these and prevent loss of performance. Fulvic Acid is the only substance known to man with this ability.

Antioxidant Defence

During exercise, oxidants are produced which can cause damage to cells and tissues. These oxidants are actually produced by our own metabolism and, as sportspeople have a faster average metabolic rate than non-sportspeople, their requirement for *anti*-oxidants is higher.

An oxidant is a very unstable molecule which basically wants to become stable again. To do this it has to 'steal' from other molecules which, if those molecules are not anti-oxidants, causes damage.

The importance of preventing this is highlighted by the fact that in some circumstances, oxidants can attack DNA.

Therefore it is vital, especially for athletes, to consume a regular amount of anti-oxidants. Well known anti-oxidants include vitamins A, C and E but the complex structure fulvic acid makes it far more powerful an anti-oxidant than any other nutrient known.

Creatine Supplementation

Supplementing with creatine is hugely popular among sportspeople and athletes. Many scientific studies have shown its effectiveness for increasing endurance during high intensity training and increasing muscle mass.

Creatine works by allowing the muscle cell to recycle our energy currency, ATP, making it available for further use and therefore allowing the muscle cell to work harder. Usually, when we exercise, our ATP is broken down into ADP and this reaction releases energy.

However, once in the ADP form, it takes a while for it to be converted back into ATP to be available as an energy source once again.

The presence of high concentrations of creatine allows the cell to regenerate ATP from ADP much quicker than normal allowing the cell to work for longer periods.

However, although there is a wealth of research behind creatine's use for sportpeople, there are also concerns regarding its long term use.

Below is a list of reported side effects following creatine supplementation:

1. Kidney damage
2. Muscle cramping
3. Leg pain
4. Stomach problems

Fulvic acid is an ideal replacement for creatine as this nutrient will offer all of the above benefits of creatine but will also work for endurance athletes (creatine has only shown to be effective for high intensity sports and therefore will not work for footballers for example) and it will not cause any of the side effects mentioned above. Indeed, if you suffered with any of the conditions above then fulvic acid will probably help those too!

Fulvic acid will provide approx. 45% pure organic oxygen directly to muscle cells which will improve endurance and enhance recovery in a natural way.

Fulvic acid supplements are now essential to a modern and safe sports regime.

Our liquid Fulvic Force's Fulvic Acid product may be useful in assisting in the repair and regeneration of cartilage, connective tissue, ligament and tendons in humans and performance animals.

Older animals or those suffering from joint problems may also benefit from continued use. Regular use may be beneficial for performance animals that depend on freedom of movement, suppleness, flexibility, and the absence of minor aches and pains and swelling in joints and limbs.

It has been useful for people wishing to reduce anxiety (without performance loss) in their animal or assist in "taking the edge off" to allow their animal to be more predictable when undertaking a range of activities, such as floating, shoeing, training etc. You will experience an incredible sense of euphoria and calmness while on our supplement.

It is highly bio-available and readily absorbed into the animals and human system. It does not contain any ingredients that are responsible for sedating an animal. In fact, this product has been reported to be a natural antibiotic.

Can be used to help balance a horse's diet and replenish electrolytes lost in sweat due to exercise or a hot and humid climate. The overall metabolism will improve.

Horses performing hard work such as endurance competitions may benefit from our additional poly-electrolyte supplementation. As intensity of exercise increases, so does the demand for immediate sources of energy in both horse and human.

Exercise may increase the rate of muscle deposition, thus increasing the protein demand in young, exercising horses 10 to 20 percent above amounts needed for maintenance and normal growth.

Proteins are large compounds made of individual amino acids. Several of the amino acids necessary for muscle deposition cannot be synthesized by the horse's body, and they must be supplied by the diet. As such, the balance of these amino acids or protein quality is an important consideration for exercising horse diets.

Horses like other athletes are individuals and must be managed as such if maximum athletic performance is to be achieved.

Lymphocytes play an important and integral role in the body's defences. They function in the development of immunity. Therefore, the increased relative lymphocyte counts observed in the current study showed that HS may exert a beneficial effect on immune systems of animals.

Humic and Fulvic acids have been shown to be particularly useful in the prevention, therapy and after-care of a variety of stomach and intestinal troubles.

Live weight gain is improved during our supplementation with increased muscle and bone mass. This means that there is increased feed Intake with an improved Feed: Grain Ratio with increased body weight gain. You will see the results for yourself after only 3 to 6 months of supplementation.

Many riders have stated their improved endurance and recovery after events. They feel calmer yet more focused during a show. Aching joints and pain from old injuries becomes more manageable leaving you to enjoy your riding!

Summary

It is widely known that Fulvic Acid possesses truly remarkable biological properties that makes it a wonder nutrient. It is these same properties which makes its use as a supplement for sportspeople second to none.

There is no other nutrient known which can:

1. Reduce the impact of Carbon Dioxide during sport
2. Reduce the impact of Lactic Acid during and after sport
3. Provide optimal protection against the increased production of oxidants
4. Provide the most powerful electrolyte in existence
5. Dissolve silica to maintain strength of joints and connective tissue
6. Provide useable oxygen directly to our cells to accelerate the healing process

The use of Fulvic Acid in sport is growing rapidly and it is little wonder why. Its power to provide optimal nutrition for the sportsperson along with the potential for improved endurance, decreased recovery times and protection against injury is unsurpassed.

If you are a keen and dedicated sportsperson or athlete, make Fulvic Acid part of your daily exercise and training regime.